

# R Package TDA: Statistical Tools for Topological Data Analysis Jisu Kim, Carnegie Mellon University



#### Abstract

This poster gives an introduction to the R package TDA, which provides some tools for Topological Data Analysis. The salient topological features of data can be quantified with persistent homology. R package TDA provide an R interface for the efficient algorithms of the C++ libraries GUDHI, Dionysus, and PHAT, including functions for computing the persistent homology. The R package TDA also includes an algorithm for the cluster tree that corresponds to the density clustering.

## **Distance Functions and Density Estimators**

- website: <a href="https://cran.r-project.org/web/packages/TDA/index.html">https://cran.r-project.org/web/packages/TDA/index.html</a>
- Author: Brittany Terese Fasy, Jisu Kim, Fabrizio Lecci, Clément Maria, and Vincent Rouvreau
- R is a programming language for statistical computing and graphics.
- R has short development time, while C/C++ has short execution time.

## **Persistent Homology**

• Persistence homology computes homologies on collection of sets, and tracks when topological features are born and when they die.

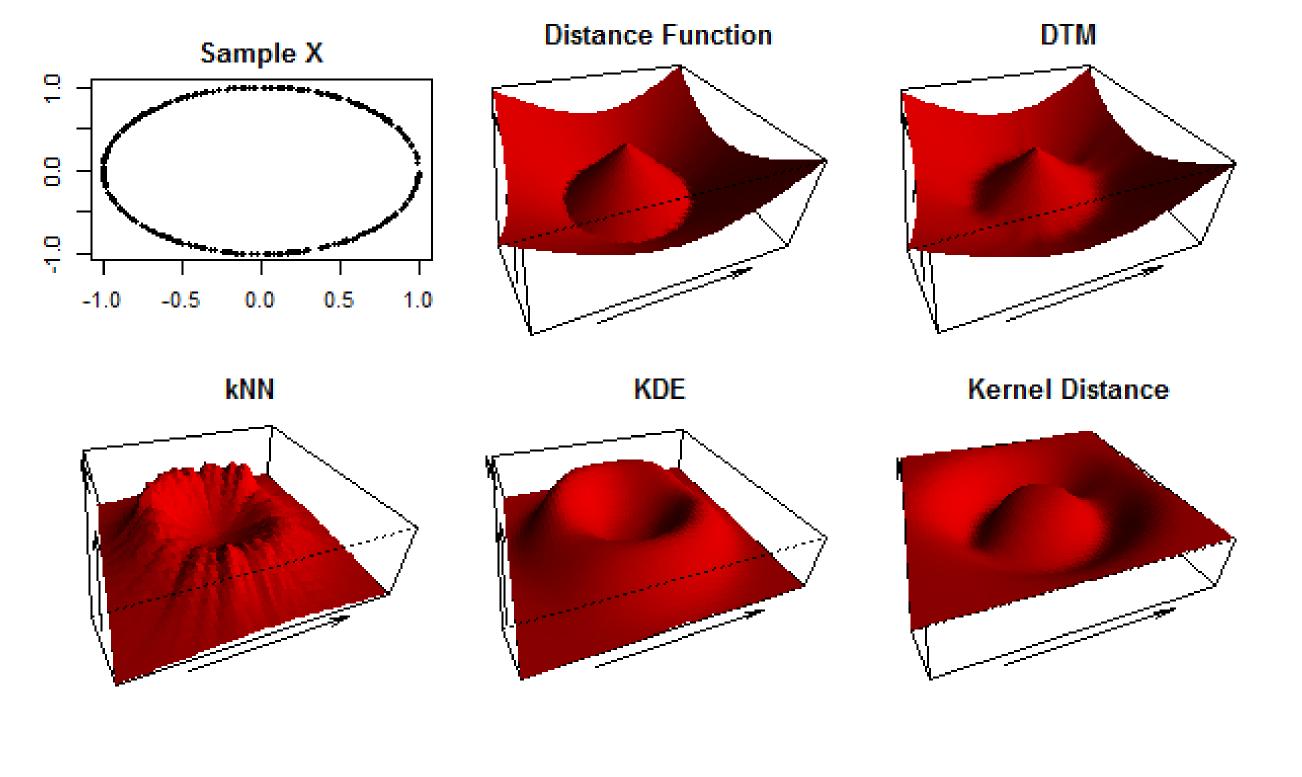
Sample, r = 0.5	

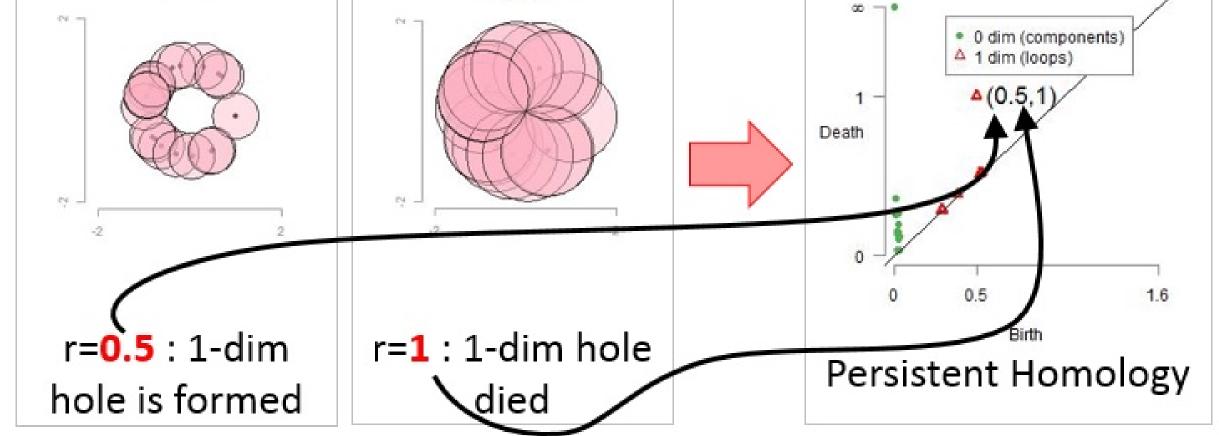
Sample, r = 1

• R package TDA provides an R interface for C++ library GUDHI / Dionysus / PHAT.

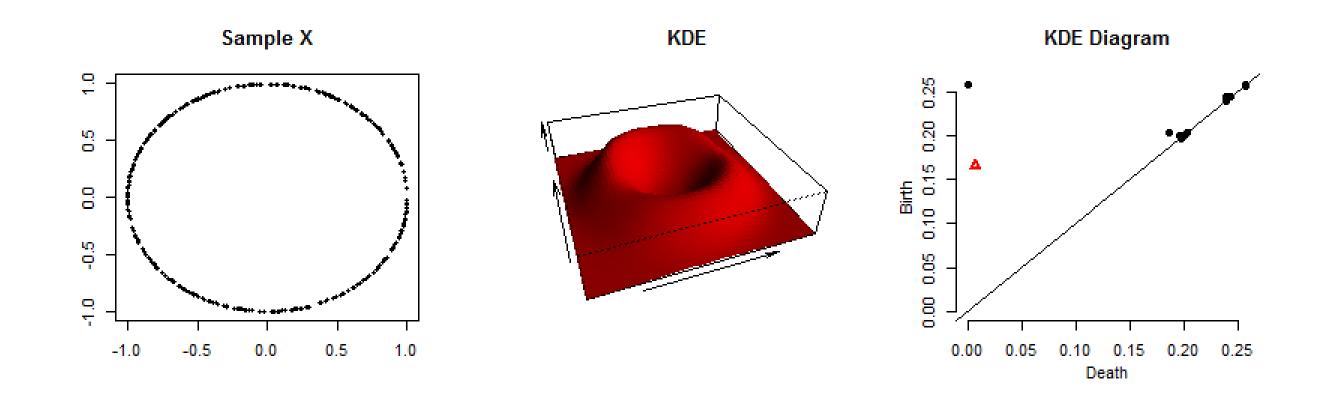
## **Distance Functions and Density Estimators**

• R package TDA provides various distance functions and density estimators computed over a grid of points.





The function gridDiag() computes the persistent homology of sublevel (and superlevel) sets of the input function.

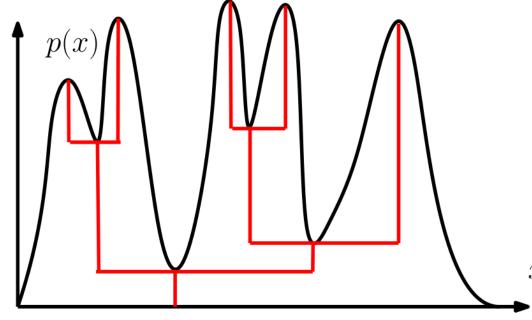


- The function ripsDiag() computes the persistent homology of the Rips filtration built on top of a point cloud.
  - Sample X

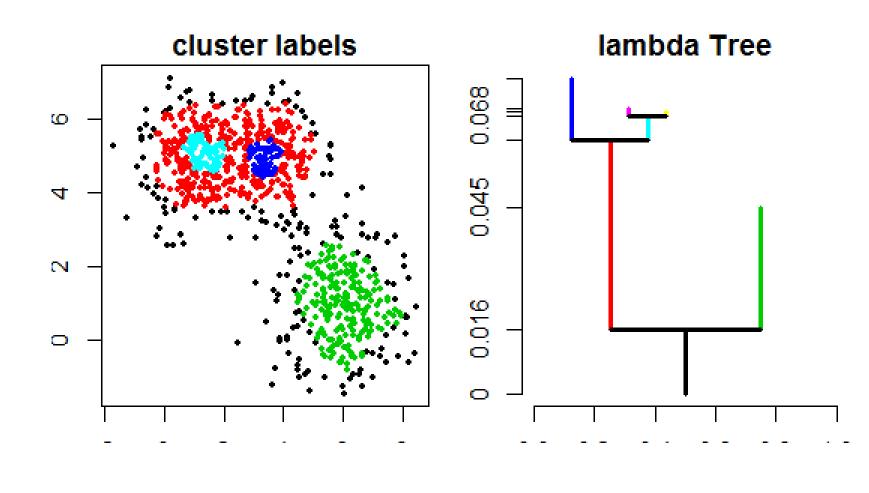
Rips Diagram

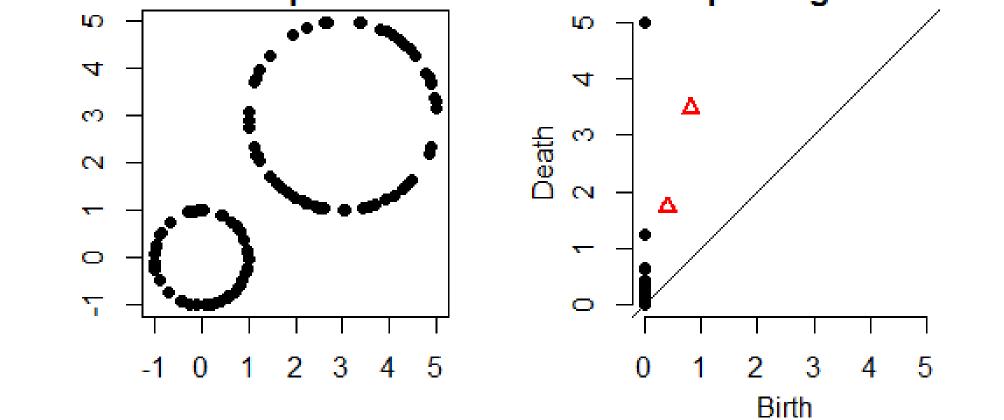
#### **Cluster Trees**

For any function f, the cluster tree of f is a function  $T_f$ , where  $T_f(\lambda)$  is the set of the connected components of the upper-level set  $\{x: f(x) \ge \lambda\}$ .



• The function clusterTree() computes the cluster tree.





• The function bootstrapBand() computes  $(1-\alpha)$  bootstrap confidence band.

